

FEDERAL EMPLOYERS' PAY REGULATIONS

**Special Provisions for Certain Types of Work--Positions Requiring Employees to Remain at Their Stations During Long Duty Hours, a Substantial Part of Which is Standby**

§25.251 Authorization of additional annual compensation. (a) Premium pay on an annual basis may be paid to any officer or employee in a position requiring him to regularly remain at, or within the confines of, his station during longer than ordinary periods of duty, a substantial part of which consists of remaining in a standby status rather than performing work. Such additional compensation on an annual basis takes the place of any other premium compensation prescribed in this subpart. It may not exceed 25 percent of such part of the rate of basic compensation as does not exceed the minimum rate for grade GS-9 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

(b) This permissive authority extends to any department, any judicial or legislative agency to which this section applies (see §25.201 (b)), and to the municipal government of the District of Columbia. Payment of such additional compensation on an annual basis is subject to the approval of the Civil Service Commission. The Commission has approved payment of such additional compensation at rates and under conditions specified by this subpart. Departments and other agencies are responsible for individual actions within the provisions of this subpart.

§25.252 General restrictions. (a) No employee shall be paid additional compensation under §25.251 if such compensation, over a period of time appropriate to reflect the full cycle of his duties and the full range of conditions in his position, would either:

(1) Be less than the premium pay which would otherwise be payable under other sections of this subpart for the hours of actual work customarily required in his position, excluding standby time during which no work is performed, or

(2) Exceed the premium pay which would otherwise be payable under other sections of this subpart for the total hours of duty required in his position, including standby time during which no work is performed.

§25.253 Bases for determining positions for which additional compensation under §25.251 is authorized. (a) The requirement of a position that the employee "regularly remain at or within the confines of his station" must meet all the following conditions:

(1) The requirement must be definite and the employee must be officially ordered to remain at his station. The employee's remaining at his station must not be merely voluntary, desirable, or a result of geographic isolation, or solely because the employee lives on the grounds.

(2) The hours during which the requirement is operative must be included in the employee's regularly scheduled hours of duty and his duty tours must be established on a regularly recurring basis over a substantial period of time, generally at least a few months. The requirement must not be occasional, irregular, or for a brief period.

(3) The requirement must be associated with the regularly assigned duties of the employee's job, either as a continuation of his regular work which includes standby time, or as a requirement to stand by at his post to perform his regularly assigned duties if the necessity arises.

(b) "At or within the confines of his station" means one of the following:

(1) At an employee's regular duty station.

(2) In quarters provided by the Government, which are not the employee's ordinary living quarters, and which are specifically provided for use of personnel required to stand by in readiness to perform actual work when the need arises or when called.

(3) In an employee's living quarters, when designated by the department as his duty station and when his whereabouts is narrowly limited and his activities are substantially restricted. This condition exists only during periods when an employee is required to hold himself in a state of readiness to answer calls for his services. This limitation on an employee's whereabouts and activities is distinguished from the limitation placed on an employee who is subject to call outside his regular hours of duty but may leave his quarters, provided he arranges for someone else to respond to calls or leaves a telephone number by which he can be reached should his services be required.

(c) "Longer than ordinary periods of duty" are more than 40 hours a week.

(d) "A substantial part of which consists of remaining in a standby status rather than performing work" refers to the entire tour of duty. This condition is met when either:

(1) A substantial part of the whole period of duty, at least 25 percent, is spent in a standby status which occurs throughout the entire tour, or

(2) If certain hours of the tour of duty are regularly devoted to actual work and others are spent in a standby status, that part of the period of duty devoted to standing by is at least 25 percent of the entire period of duty, or

(3) An employee has a regular 40-hour basic workweek requiring full-time performance of actual work and is required, in addition, to perform standby duty on certain nights, or to perform standby duty on certain days not included in his basic workweek.

(e) An employee is "in a standby status" only at times when he is not required to perform actual work and is free to eat, sleep, read, listen to the radio, or engage in other similar pursuits. An employee is performing actual work, rather than being in a standby status, when his full attention is devoted to his work, even though the nature of his work does not require constant

For example, a group of four or five men and a technician working together are engaged in the actual work of their conditions). Actual work includes both work performed during regular work periods and work performed when called out during periods normally spent in standby status.